Documentation for the potatohead.ss teachpack

This teachpack is intended to provide a gentle introduction to creating images. Information on how to install teachpacks can be found on the "Helpful Tips" page of the course Web site.

We introduce a new type of data, a *ph* (a short form for "potatohead"), as well as functions that can be used to consume attributes and produce a potatohead, consume a potatohead and produce one of its attributes, consume a potatohead and produce a potatohead formed by changing an attribute, and display a potatohead.

1 Potatohead images

The following functions create a potatohead and display it. The colours are chosen from those used in the world.ss teachpack. Some are listed in the documentation for the teachpack, linked off the "Resources" page of the course Web site. You do not need to read the entire documentation for world.ss to be able to use potatoheads.

Eye types are 'circle, 'x, 'star, 'lashes, and 'line, and mouth types are 'oh, 'happy, 'tooth, and 'line.

Note: left and right correspond to the left and right of the image as we see it, not the left and right of a potatohead.

;; create-ph: symbol int[>0] symbol symbol symbol symbol symbol symbol \rightarrow ph

;; Produces a potatohead with head colour head-colour, size head-size,

;; left eye of type l-eye-type and colour l-eye-colour,

;; right eye of type r-eye-type and colour r-eye-colour,

;; and mouth of type mouth-type and colour mouth-colour.

(create-ph head-colour head-size l-eye-type l-eye-colour r-eye-type r-eye-colour mouth-type mouth-colour)

```
;; draw-ph : ph \rightarrow image
```

;; Displays an image of the given potatohead aph.

(*draw-ph aph*)

For example, the following function applications will create a potatohead and display it:

```
(define myph (create-ph 'blue 50 'x 'red 'circle 'orange 'oh 'green))
(draw-ph myph)
```

Each of the following function applications can be used to determine an attribute of a potatohead *aph*. The query about size produces a number; each of the others produces a symbol.

(what-head-colour aph) (what-head-size aph) (what-l-eye-type aph) (what-l-eye-colour aph) (what-r-eye-type aph) (what-r-eye-colour aph) (what-mouth-type aph) (what-mouth-colour aph)

The next functions are used to form a new potatohead based on a given potatohead. Each one copies all the attributes except the new one specified and produces a potatohead with the new attribute. In all the function applications below, *aph* is a potatohead, *size* is a number, and all other parameters are symbols.

(new-head-colour aph colour) (new-head-size aph size) (new-left-eye aph new-type new-col) (new-l-eye-type aph new-type) (new-right-eye aph new-type new-col) (new-reye-type aph new-type) (new-r-eye-colour aph new-type) (new-mouth aph new-type new-col) (new-mouth-type aph new-type) (new-mouth-type aph new-type)

The following function can be used to check if two potatoheads are equal:

(ph=? ph1 ph2)

When using potatohead.ss, you cannot use *check-expect* directly with functions that produce potatoheads. To check if the result of function application (*my-ph-fun aph*) is *ph1*, you can use the following:

(*check-expect* (*ph*=? (*my-ph-fun aph*) *ph1*) *true*)

It is always possible to use *check-expect* on functions that produce numbers or symbols, as in the following:

(check-expect (what-head-colour myph1) 'black)

For your convenience, the following constants have been included in the teachpack: *onepotato*, *monoone*, *leftwinkone*, *rightwinkone*, *sleepone*, *twopotato*, *monotwo*, *leftwinktwo*, *rightwinktwo*, *sleeptwo*, *threepotato*, *monothree*, *leftwinkthree*, *rightwinkthree*, *sleepthree*.